

Mike's Maths Mysteries Problem 5

Solution

$$I_k + I_{k-2} = \int_0^1 \frac{x^k + x^{k-2}}{x^2 + 1} dx = \int_0^1 x^{k-2} dx = \frac{1}{k-1}.$$

$$I_0 = \int_0^1 \frac{1}{x^2 + 1} dx = [\tan^{-1} x]_0^1 = \frac{\pi}{4},$$

$$I_1 = \int_0^1 \frac{x}{x^2 + 1} dx = \left[\frac{1}{2} \log(x^2 + 1) \right]_0^1 = \frac{1}{2} \log 2.$$

It follows that

$$I_2 = 1 - \frac{\pi}{4}, \quad I_3 = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \log 2, \quad I_4 = \frac{1}{3} - 1 + \frac{\pi}{4}, \quad I_5 = \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \log 2,$$

$$I_6 = \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{3} + 1 - \frac{\pi}{4}, \quad I_7 = \frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \log 2, \quad I_8 = \frac{1}{7} - \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{3} - 1 + \frac{\pi}{4},$$

and

$$\int_0^1 \frac{x^4(1-x)^4}{1+x^2} dx = I_4 - 4I_5 + 6I_6 - 4I_7 + I_8 = \frac{22}{7} - \pi.$$

Similarly

$$\int_0^1 \frac{x^8(1-x)^8}{1+x^2} dx = 4 \left(\pi - \frac{43 \times 1097}{3 \times 5 \times 7 \times 11 \times 13} \right) < \int_0^1 x^8(1-x)^8 dx < 0.000005.$$